

National surveillance data - July 2002

Disease ¹	Current year - 2002 ²			Previous year - 2001		
	Jul 2002 cases	Cumulative total since 1 January	Current rate ³	Jul 2001 cases	Cumulative total since 1 January	Previous rate ³
AIDS	1	11	0.6	3	15	0.6
Campylobacteriosis	1006	6718	330.5	538	4512	218.9
Cholera	0	1	0.1	0	0	0
Cryptosporidiosis	53	242	24.0	30	552	31.5
Dengue fever	13	52	3.2	21	26	0.8
Gastroenteritis ⁴	58	563	26.7	129	508	22.7
Giardiasis	130	984	43.9	122	945	42.7
<i>H. influenzae</i> type b disease	0	3	0.2	1	8	0.3
Hepatitis A	3	91	3.2	4	33	2.2
Hepatitis B (acute) ⁵	6	41	1.6	3	36	1.8
Hepatitis C (acute) ⁵	4	31	1.5	7	33	1.7
Hydatid disease	0	0	0.1	1	3	0.1
Influenza ⁶	230	436	18.1	204	424	17.3
Lead absorption	8	56	2.6	16	88	3.9
Legionellosis ⁶	7	30	1.2	4	44	2.2
Leprosy	1	2	0.1	1	3	0.1
Leptospirosis	15	92	3.6	10	62	2.5
Listeriosis	2	9	0.5	1	8	0.4
Malaria	6	44	1.6	3	37	2.5
Measles	5	19	1.8	3	33	1.4
Meningococcal disease ⁷	72	302	16.7	83	326	14.8
Mumps	4	35	1.6	7	33	1.4
Paratyphoid	0	9	0.7	1	15	0.9
Pertussis	89	585	25.4	62	971	86.2
Rheumatic fever	4	47	2.0	19	90	3.9
Rickettsial disease	0	2	0.2	1	1	0.1
Rubella	1	24	0.9	6	20	1.0
Salmonellosis	96	1272	65.0	148	1260	55.1
Shigellosis	12	79	3.3	18	112	4.3
Tetanus	0	1	0.1	0	3	0.1
Tuberculosis	40	202	9.7	29	217	9.7
Typhoid	3	20	0.8	2	18	0.7
VTEC / STEC infection	10	51	2.2	1	43	1.9
Yersiniosis	29	292	13.0	26	235	10.0

Notes: ¹ Other notifiable infectious diseases reported in July :Nil

² These data are provisional

³ Rate is based on the cumulative total for the current year (12 months up to and including July 2002) or the previous year (12 months up to and including July 2001), expressed as cases per 100 000

⁴ Cases of gastroenteritis from a common source or foodborne intoxication eg, staphylococcal intoxication or toxic shellfish poisoning

⁵ Only acute cases of this disease are currently notifiable

⁶ Surveillance data based on laboratory-reported cases only

⁷ These totals and rates are based on the EpiSurv report date as opposed to the earliest available date used in the meningococcal disease section