Antimicrobial susceptibility of invasive Neisseria meningitidis, 2012

The antimicrobial susceptibility of all 50 viable meningococcal isolates received at ESR from cases of invasive disease in 2012 was tested. Ceftriaxone, ciprofloxacin, penicillin and rifampicin minimum inhibitory concentrations (MICs) were determined by Etest on Mueller-Hinton agar + 5% sheep blood. MICs were interpreted according to the Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute's criteria.¹

32.0% (16/50) of isolates had reduced penicillin susceptibility (MIC \geq 0.12 mg/L): 50% (1/2) of group Y isolates; 37.9% (11/29) of all group B isolates, but none of the isolates belonging to the NZ B:P1.4 epidemic strain; and 21.1% (4/19) of group C isolates. All isolates were susceptible to ceftriaxone, rifampicin and ciprofloxacin (see table below).

MIC range, MIC₉₀ and resistance among N. meningitidis isolates from invasive disease cases, 2012

Antimicrobial	MIC range (mg/L)	MIC ₉₀ (mg/L)	Percent reduced susceptibility	Percent resistance
penicillin	0.016-0.5	0.5	32.0^{1}	0
ceftriaxone	0.002-0.004	0.004	0	0
rifampicin	0.002-0.5	0.12	0	0
ciprofloxacin	0.002-0.008	0.008	0	0

¹ penicillin MIC ≥0.12 mg/L

Over the last 10 years there has been a general trend of an increasing proportion of isolates with reduced penicillin susceptibility (see figure below). Infections due to isolates with reduced susceptibility are still treatable with penicillin.

Rifampicin resistance is rare among meningococci from invasive disease in New Zealand. In total, seven rifampicin-resistant isolates have been identified: one group C (C:2a:P1.5-1,10-1) isolate in 2011, one group B (B:4:P1.19,15) isolate and one group C (C:2a:P1.5-1,10-8) isolate in 2009, one group B (B:4:P1.4) isolate in 2003, one group C (C:2b:P1.2) isolate in 1997, one group B (B:15:P1.7,16) isolate in 1992, and one group A isolate in 1986.

Ciprofloxacin resistance is also rare among meningococci from invasive disease in New Zealand, with just one ciprofloxacin-resistant isolate having been identified in 2010. This isolate was a group C meningococcus (C:ns:P1.20,23-7).

No resistance to ceftriaxone has been identified among meningococci isolated from cases of invasive disease in New Zealand.

¹ Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute. Performance standards for antimicrobial susceptibility testing; twentieth informational supplement. Wayne, USA: CLSI, 2012 CLSI document M100-S22.

