Shigella isolates confirmed by ERL in 2019

There were 199 Shigella isolates confirmed in 2019, compared with 198 in 2018. Shigella sonnei biotype g was the most common species confirmed in 2018 with 73 cases.

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		DH8															
Shigella species/subtype	Auckland	Bay of Plenty	Canterbury	Combined Auckland	Combined Wellington	Counties Manukau	Hawkes Bay	Lakes	MidCentral	Nelson Marlborough	Northland	Southern	Tairawhiti	Taranaki	Waikato	Waitemata	Total
boydii*				1													1
boydii 1			1														1
boydii 10									1								1
dysenteriae "			1									1		1			3
dysenteriae 2	1																1
dysenteriae 3												1					1
flexneri^				1	1												2
flexneri 1a	1			3	1							1					6
flexneri 1b	6			1		3						1	1			2	14
flexneri 1c	2			2	2									1		1	8
flexneri 2a	2	1	2	7	2	1		1		1	1					1	19
flexneri 2b	1			1			1	1		1							5
flexneri 3a		1	1	1	1					1							5
flexneri 3b	1			2		1										1	5
flexneri 4av	1			1													2
flexneri 4b	1			2													3
flexneri 6 biotype Boyd 88	1		2	5		3										1	12
flexneri X				1													1
flexneri Yv				2													2
sonnei biotype a	2	5	4	14	4	1	1								1	1	33
sonnei biotype f				1													1
sonnei biotype g	4		9	38	8	3		1				4		1	4	1	73
Total	23	7	20	83	19	12	2	3	1	3	1	8	1	3	5	8	199

^{*}These isolates were confirmed biochemically as Shigella boydii but did not agglutinate with any of the polyvalent antisera

^{*}These isolates were confirmed as Shigella dysenteriae by whole genome sequencing but did not agglutinate with any of the Shigella polyvalent antisera.

*Agglutinated with polyvalent Shigella flexneri anterisa but not with any of the single factors